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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

# THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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## The Morning Star.

### OUTLINES.

Mr. Henry B. Plant, president o the Plant Steamship Company, the Southern Express Company and the Plant railway system, died yesterday at his home in New York city, aged 80 years. —— Three-fourths of the 1,500 girls employed in the cigarette factory of the American Tobacco Co., at Richmond, Va., are out on a strike. —— The Democratic State Convention of Kentucky broke up in disorder last night, having accomplished nothing so far beyond temporary organization. —— Near Lampasas, Texas, Miss Childers and four daughters of a Mrs. Lloyd were drowned while bathing in a creek. —— Two men killed by lightning near Pine Bluff, Ark. —— Three men killed and two others injured by an explosion in the War Eagle mine, British Columbia. —— A movement has been started to raise from Confederate veterans money to rebuild Gen. Gordon's house. —— Gen. Alger, secretary of war, announces that he is in the Michigan Senatorial fight, with anti-trust and election of Senators by the people, on his banner. —— Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6½c; flour moderately active and easy; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 82⅞c; corn—spot weak, No. 2 41c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine steady.

### WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 23.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 78 degrees, 8 P. M., 77 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 85 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3.69.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to moderate showers have occurred in the Mississippi valley districts. Slightly higher temperatures have prevailed.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—For North Carolina—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; light to easterly winds.

Port Almanac—June 24.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sunrises | 4 46 | A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 7.19 | P. M. |
| Day's Length | 14 H. 33 | M. |
| High Water at Southport | 8.08 | A. M. |
| Slack Water at Smithville | 11.38 | A. M. |

A good many people regard the story of the assassination of General Luna as moonshine.

Hanna says "he feels in his bones" that McKinley will be elected. This is a way Hanna has of talking through his hat.

A Georgia exchange wants to know "what is so rare as an overcoat in June?" A Georgia costume in January.

A Philadelphia chemical house wants 400 live rattle-snakes and some copperheads. We mention this for the benefit of some of our Stokes county snake trappers.

A Port Chester, N. Y., man wants a divorce because his wife spanked him. She spanked him because he refused to carry in some coal. Served him right.

Andy Walker, a veteran engineer who died at Terre Haut, Ind., a few days ago made a remarkable record. He stood at the throttle for forty-five years, travelled 1,000,918 miles and never got a scratch.

According to the latest statistics there are in the Transvaal 63,000 Boers, 87,000 white Uitlanders and 600,000 Kaffirs and Zulus. The Kafs and Zuzs don't count, as the racket seems to be confined to the Boers and white Uits.

Lieutenant Hodgson, who reported that conversation on the Brooklyn with Admiral Schley seems to have about as much difficulty in saying what he starts out to say as the public does in understanding what he does say. He wobbles too much.

A Doctor in San Francisco, in a lecture recently, declared that women ought to propose marriage as well as men. Why not? This would at least give the men a chance of saying "no, but I'll be a brother to you," and thus vary the monotony of the "sister" business.

Mrs. Emmons Blaine, of Chicago, daughter-in-law of the late James G. Blaine and daughter of the late Cyrus McCormick, the great reaper man, has achieved distinction. She stepped up like a little woman and returned to the tax assessors for Cook county $1,563,000 personal property, the largest return ever made in that county. In doing so she incidentally remarked that she thought it was the duty of the rich as well as the poor to make honest returns of their taxable property.

### LOCAL DOTS.

— A small fire at the residence of Mr. A. J. Burton, No. 220 North Second street, called out the department at 12:35 o'clock yesterday. The damage was very slight.

— The general tax ordinance for 1899 has been completed and is ready for distribution. Those desiring copies can get them by applying at the treasurer's office at the City Hall.

— The Conference between representatives of the business men who signed the protest against alleged burdensome taxation and a committee from the Board of Aldermen, is scheduled to take place to-day.

— Mr. T. J. Green, of White Hall, Columbus county, has sent the STAR the first cotton blossom reported from his section. It was from a field on the lands of Mr. D. H. Callahan near White Hall, plucked June 22nd.

— The Board of Aldermen of Wrightsville Beach have granted license for the retail of liquor to the Seashore Hotel and to Ocean View Hotel. With approval of the Board of County Commissioners these licenses will go into effect.

— Both city and county tax listers are still at their posts at the City Hall. Capt. DeRossett informed a STAR reporter yesterday that only a few more than half of those liable for taxes have listed. After this week there are only five more days for listing.

— The Brunswick, Bridge and Ferry Co. announces that on next Monday and Tuesday, June 26th and 27th, there will be no crossing with flats on account of necessary repairs. The Company's patrons are asked to note this and be governed accordingly.

— On account of a delay in shipment of some material the trolley line to the Carolina Central passenger depot will not be completed to-day as was expected, but the Railway Co. hope to have cars in operation on this line by the middle of the coming week.

— Janitor Benson, at the City Hall says he now has only one prisoner in the city guard house—Frank Onslow, colored, who is serving a twenty days sentence for repeated drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The prison, he says, has not been so nearly empty since November 10th.

— Cases against Eliza Davis and Minnie Nixon, both colored, for disorderly conduct, were investigated in Justice Fowler's court yesterday. In the case against the Davis woman the prosecution was adjudged malicious and the prosecutrix required to pay the costs. Judgment was suspended in the other case.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

King Grocery Co.—Sweet fruit.
Mercer & Evans—You'll realize.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Brunswick Bridge & Ferry Co.—Notice.

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. T. Pullen, of Rocky Point, is in the city on business.

— Mr. J. H. Westbrook, was down from Rocky Point yesterday.

— Mr. G. S. Reid, of Chadbourn, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Cole, of Ramsour, was in the city on business yesterday.

— Mr. E. B. Wright, of Boardman, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. R. M. Wescott, of the firm of Wescott & Stone, made a business trip to Southport yesterday.

— Mr. O. H. Pratt, of Morven, N. C., corporal in Company K, Second Regiment, S. C. Volunteers, is in the city en route to Savannah, Ga.

— Mr. Nash E. Bunting left yesterday afternoon for Fayetteville, in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father-in-law, Dr. W. C. McDuffie, who is well known in Wilmington.

— Prof. L. Peacock, President of Greensboro Female College, spent several hours in the city. He was en-route home from Southport where he went to attend the Wilmington District Conference.

**Carolina Beach Fight.**

The Carolina Beach trouble in which Fireman H. L. Peterson and Ed Capps were severely wounded and several others more or less injured about a week ago will have an airing before Justice McGowan in the county court room at 10 o'clock this morning. The case has been continued from time to time on account of Messrs. Peterson and Capps' condition, but everything is now arranged for a thorough investigation to-morrow. Marsden Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esqs., are the attorneys who will appear in the case.

**A Popular Trip.**

The 7:30 trip of the steamer *Wilmington* to the pier and back has come to be especially popular now that the warm weather is in full sway. Every afternoon the boat carries down large crowds of the very best people of the city. Very frequently there are pleasant complimentary parties. Capt. Harper offers a special rate of 15 cents for the round trip and that his concession is appreciated is evidenced by the large number of patrons.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

## WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

### The Scene of Two Delightful Dances by Atlantic and Carolina Clubs.

### GOOD MUSIC AND FINE BREEZE

**The Gayest Evening and Largest Attendance of the Season—Many People From a Distance—The Seashore Hotel Hop To-night.**

Last night was one of much more than usual gaiety on Wrightsville Beach, both the yacht clubs, Carolina and Atlantic, having given delightful and largely attended hops. The 7.15 train to the Beach yesterday evening was crowded with young folks, and elderly people, too, for that matter, all bent upon an evening of merriment "down by the sea." Many more had gone down on the trains earlier in the day, so that the attendance upon the two hops constituted by far the largest crowd that has yet visited the Beach this season. When the train stopped at the Carolina Club house the building and grounds were already resonant with stirring music, the Cripple Richard band having gone down on the 5 o,clock train for the purpose of furnishing the music for the hop.

Dancing began just as soon as the clubmen and their ladies could pass from the train to the clubhouse and continued, barring brief intervals until the last train at 11 o'clock

At the Atlantic Club there was the Baltimore Italian Band, which the entertainment committee has been fortunate enough to engage for the entire season. This excellent band started up a stirring two step very soon after the train reached the club house station and throughout the evening there was a delightful succession of waltzs and two-steps, embracing much of the most popular dance music of the day.

There was a merry throng of dancers and the crowd grew larger as the evening advanced. Many cottagers and visitors from the hotels having gathered to join the dance or watch the other merrymakers.

Quite a number of the young men are members of both the Atlantic and Carolina Clubs, and divided their time between the two club houses. Then, too, many of the visitors had invitations to both, so that there was a pleasant and very desirable interchange of crowds.

When the train blew for the return to the city at 11 o'clock, "Home Sweet Home" was played and danced at both club houses with that jest and lingering fondness peculiar to thase delightful club occasions, and the residents of Wilmington and the Sound reluctantly boarded the train for the return trip. Every seat in the five cars was occupied, and even standing room was at a premium. The run to the city was pleasant and breezy.

It would be impossible to publish the names of all the people from distance who attended the two club hops. The STAR representative noted the following:

Miss Young, of Charlotte; Miss Broodfoot, of Fayetteville; Miss Bacote, of Charleston; Miss Mills, of Charlotte; Miss Diggs, of Rockingham; Miss Francis Moore of Charloote: Miss Luda Morrison, of Statesville; Mrs G. E. Crabtree, of Goldsboro; Miss Norma Vanlandingham, of Charlotte, Miss Dorch, of Goldsboro; Judge Thos. R. Purnell, wife and daughter.

There were also a large number of visiting gentlemen too numerous to mention.

To-night at the Seashore Hotel there will be the usual Saturday evening dance in the spacious hall of this admirably managed hotel. Hundreds of week-end seaside pleasure-seekers are expected here during to-day from all along the lines of the several railroads running into the city and the dance to night will be one of the most largely attended yet given this season.

## DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL.

**Well Known Painter Died Yesterday From Effects of Drinking Part of His Paint Stuffs.**

Mr. Henry Cottle, a well known painter of the city, who resides on Eighth between Queen and Wooster streets, died yesterday afternoon from the effects of drinking wood alcohol, which is largely used in the mixing of shellac used by painters.

Thursday he was engaged in painting a new yacht for Mr. W. L. Parsley near the Hilton Lumber Company's plant, with an associate painter and it is thought he drank a quantity of the alcohol. He returned from his work Thursday evening apparently well, but yesterday morning he was seized with violent vomiting spells, culminating in his death at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

Just prior to his death he grew rapidly worse and medical aid was summoned, but before physicians could reach him he was dead.

He was about 45 years of age and leaves a wife and six children.

Coroner Price was notified of the extraordinary circumstances attending the death and immediately went to view the body, diagnosing the case as above stated. His companions at work knew nothing of his drinking the deadly fluid, but neighbors, who came in just after his death, were informed that he died from drinking alcohol.

— Rev. A. T. King left yesterday morning for Virginia.

## SAD FUNERALS YESTERDAY.

**Young McLaurin and Murphy, Who Were Drowned in Lake Waccamaw, Laid to Rest.**

The saddest funerals that Wilmington has witnessed for years were those of young John Archibald Murphy and Edmund Lilly McLaurin, the two boys who were the victims of the horrible drowning accident at Lake Waccamaw on the occasion of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Sunday School excursion Wednesday. Both funerals were largely attended and the expressions of regret at their sad and untimely death were many.

The funeral of young Murphy was impressively held at 11 o'clock yesterday morning from the residence, 315 Walnut street, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Church officiating. The interment was at Bellevue cemetery, the pall-bearers being Messrs. E. T. Wade, John D. Burkheimer, Linwood Latta and J. E. Hall.

The funeral services of young Edmund McLaurin were impressively and very appropriately conducted from Grace M. E. Church by Rev. A. P. Tyre, assisted by Rev. A. D. McClure, in the afternoon at 5.30 o'clock. The interment was at Oakdale cemetery. The following gentlemen were the pall-bearers: Messrs. Thomas Orrell, W. C. Green, Thomas Lewis, Arthur Whitney, Arthur Schulken and Tom Gause.

Many beautiful floral tributes were laid upon the graves by loving hands as a last sad mark of respect to the unfortunate boys, whose sad demise was the subject of many an expression of sympathy from almost every person who heard the distressing news of their death day before yesterday.

The absent members of both families, who were summoned by telegram Wednesday, arrived yesterday and were present at the funerals.

## WILMINGTON'S FIREMEN RETURNED.

**Those Who Attended Tournament at Columbia Came Back Yesterday.**

Assistant Chief of the Fire Department W. P. Monroe, Ladderman R. M. Cain. Fireman F. Green, of the Chemical Co., and Hoseman D. B. Branch, of Engine Company No. 1, returned on the W. C. & A. train yesterday from Columbia, S. C., where they went Monday to attend the Interstate Firemen's Tournament.

The "boys" are enthusiastic in their praises of the firemen and citizens of Columbia for hospitalities accorded them and report one of the most pleasant events of their lives. Assistant Chief Monroe represented North Carolina as one of the judges of the various contests of the companies represented. His assistant was Mr. E. J. Setze, from Georgia.

It will be gratifying to interested North Carolinians to know that the Eclipse Company, of Goldsboro, won the championship of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia in the horse hose wagon contest, having made the dash of 300 yards, stretched 280 feet of hose, broke the coupling and turned on the stream in fifty-two and one-fifth seconds. Last year the Goldsboro company made a record of thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds. The discrepancy is due to the differences in the water pressure.

**The Washington Horse-Whipping.**

The STAR'S press dispatches yesterday contained an account of the horse-whipping of Mr. J. F. Woodward at Washington, N. C., on Wednesday. A correspondent of the STAR writing from Warsaw, N. C., says that Mr. Woodward, who is a native of that town, has been the victim of a mistaken identity; in fact, those who know him are confident that he is innocent of the charge preferred. Mr. Woodward states that he had no chance to vindicate himself before he was pounced upon by the furious citizens and treated in a most inhuman manner. He was thrown down, tied with a strong rope and whipped without opportunity of opening his mouth in explaining that he was the wrong man. The STAR'S correspondent states that Mr. Woodward and a number of his friends would leave Warsaw last night for Washington to see to it that the rashness of the crowd would be punished in a sufficient manner.

**Will Locate Here.**

A member of the STAR staff had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Paul M. Taylor, of Norfolk, yesterday. Mr. Taylor is here with a view to opening a first-class photograph gallery in this city. He brings with him high testimonials as to his character and ability as an expert in the photographer's art. He has for several years been associated with Mr. J. H. Faber, a photographer of high standing in Norfolk.

Mr. Taylor says that he is highly pleased with Wilmington, and is certain that it is only a matter of a few days when he will close a contract for a gallery to be fitted up in the central portion of the city.

**A Winston-Salem Rate.**

The Southern and Atlantic Coast Line railroads announce a joint week-end rate over the A. and Y. road from Winston-Salem to Wilmington, of $5.20 for the round trip. The rate from Greensboro to Wilmington over the same road is $4.15.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

## WILMINGTON VS. MAXTON.

**"Red Shirts" Will Engage Home Team This Afternoon in Lively Ball Game. Teams' Personnel.**

Wilmington base ball interest is just now centered in the approaching game between the Maxton contingent of ball tossers, known as the "Red Shirts," and the Wilmington team. Both have talent and confidence. Captain Sweeney and Manager Jones, of the Wilmington team, have completed all arrangements, and the local "cranks" are assured a game that will be both interesting and exciting.

Captain McKinnon claims for the Maxton team a rare aggregation of ball players, and the success in the amateur field this season has already been marked by several victories from the neighboring towns.

The Wilmington team thus far has not been so ostentatious, but the "Red Shirts" may come with the expectation of playing a rattling good game or going down in defeat.

The Maxton boys will arrive over the S. A. L. at noon to day; they will be entertained by the Wilmington teams and at 4 o'clock sharp the game will be called at Hilton park. Superintendent Skelding, of the Street Railway Co., will afford to the public convenient car accommodations and there is nothing to mar the prospects for an exciting contest. The admission is 15 and 25 cents.

Wilmington will put out her team as follows: Zellers, c.; Sweeney and Watson, p.; Morton, 1st b.; Jones, 2d b.; Schutte, 3d b.; Orrell, s. s.; Genaust, l. f.; Hatch, c. f.; Turrentine, r. f.

Substitutes—Davis, Dock and Moore.

The STAR received a letter yesterday from Mr. A. J. McKinnon, manager of the "Red Shirts," in which he requested that a false impression as to their championship claims be corrected. He says that as yet they only claim the championship for towns of 2,000 inhabitants, who play their bona fide residents. This claim they propose to defend until July 1st, so that should Wilmington win the game today they will still claim the championship referred to. "But," adds Manager McKinnon, "you can tell your boys that, barring accidents, if they beat us they will say they have been to a ball game."

## MARRIED AT SHALLOTTE.

**Miss Elneda Stone Wedded to Mr. Thos. R. Bryant, of Bayboro.**

On Wednesday afternoon at Shallotte, N. C., there was a pretty wedding service which united in the bonds of matrimony two highly esteemed young people, Miss Elneda Stone of Shallotte and Mr. Thos R. Bryant of Bayboro, S. C. The marriage was at 3 o'clock in the afternoon in the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stone. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Wiggings.

The Stone home was prettily decorated. Miss Victoria Stone, sister of the bride, was maid of honor and Mr. W. L. Bryant, brother of the groom, best man.

The bride was attired in a lovely costume of white organdie over pink silk and carried pink and white carnations.

A delightful reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. Fully one hundred and fifty people were in attendance. The popularity and high esteem in which the bride and groom are held was forcibly attested by the numerous and costly presents.

The bride is a sister of Messrs B. O. and R. R. Stone and Mrs. W. A. Ruark of this city.

**Two Important Conventions.**

It is highly probable that Wilmington will have several representatives at the International Christian Endeavor Convention. The tickets will be on sale July 3d, 4th and 5th, good until July 21st, costing $23.60, from Wilmington. Miss Mary Bays, of Charlotte, who is chairman of the press department, writes the STAR that the North Carolina delegation promises to be the largest in the history of the Endeavor work in this State.

Another national convention which should and doubtless will attract a party from the societies in this city is the convention of Epworth Leagues at Indianapolis, Ind. Tickets for this occasion will be $23.85 from Wilmington, on sale July 18th and 19th; final limit July 26th, subject to extension.

**Charlotte Woodmen Coming.**

Justice Jno. J. Fowler yesterday received a letter from a brother Woodman in Charlotte, stating that satisfactory arrangements could not be made for transportation for the Charlotte Camp Woodmen of the World to justify its coming to Wilmington in a body to witness the unveiling ceremonies to-morrow. The letter, however, stated that there would be several members of the camp present on that occasion, arriving by way of the S. A. L. on Saturday and on Sunday.

**Funeral of Mrs. McCallum.**

The funeral of Mrs. Joanna McCallum, whose death was announced in yesterday's STAR, was conducted yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from her late residence on Princess street by Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim. The interment was at Oakdale cemetery and the pall bearers were Messrs. F. W. Ortmann, H. H. Woebse, Wm. Nicolle, G. F. Seiter and John Haar.

## PENITENTIARY CLAIMS.

**Disagreement Between State Treasurer Worth and the Executive Board Delaying Payment.**

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 23.

The dispute about payment of the penitentiary claims continues. The State Treasurer adheres to his determination not to pay them unless they are made out in accordance with the decision of the Attorney General, and the Executive Board declare they will make no change in the warrants; that if paid at all they must be paid as now drawn; that the remedy for those holding these claims is a mandamus against the State Treasurer.

The State Treasurer's books show that before the Attorney General made his ruling in regard to the penitentiary claims, there was $455.33 of claims paid. Since the Attorney General's ruling that only claims could be paid for debts due on January 1st, the following have been paid: Rents for 1898, $1,299.78, $920.10, and $880.64; December, 1898, pay roll, $880.30. These make a total of $3,930.82. The total payment of the claims to date, $4,386.15.

The Buncombe County Medical Society was to day incorporated by the Secretary of State, with James A. Burroughs, F. T. Meriwether, H. L. Baird, D. E. Sevier and Carl V. Reynolds.

## CONFERENCE AT SOUTHPORT.

**Delegates Given a Trip Out to Sea On the Tug Jones.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., June 23.—The Cape Fear Towing and Transportation Company gave the delegates of the Methodist District Conference which has been in session here since Wednesday, a delightful trip out to sea this afternoon on the *Alexander Jones*. The attendance at the conference has not been as large as was expected, but the sessions have been full of interest, and the meeting will continue until Sunday night.

**Sustained Painful Injuries.**

Mr. W. G. A. Otersen, one of the special mail carriers and collectors of the Wilmington postoffice, was quite painfully but not seriously injured yesterday morning by being thrown from his cart at the intersection of Walnut with Nutt streets. He was driving leisurely along, when in turning the corner a negro driver ran his dray into the cart, completely turning it over and throwing Mr. Otersen to the ground, breaking a rib and inflicting other injuries. The cart was not broken, but the horse which was attached had to be cut loose from the vehicle, thereby damaging the harness to some extent. After the accident Mr. Otersen drove to the postoffice building, where he was attended by Drs. McMillan and Schonwald. Subsequently he was driven to his home, No. 503 Harnett street, and at last accounts was doing very well.

Notwithstanding the unusual vigilance of the police in this direction at this time, there seems yet to be some room for complaint at the reckless driving occasionally indulged in by draymen on Water and Nutt streets.

**Health Conference.**

Yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock there was a conference of the Board of Health with the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Aldermen on the question of disinfectants. It will be remembered that such a conference was recommended by the Aldermen at their special meeting Tuesday, and that Alderman MacRae, chairman of the Sanitary Committee, thought a change necessary. The question was discussed at some length at the meeting yesterday afternoon but no definite conclusions were reached.

**To City Subscribers.**

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery

**Church Notices.**

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell pastor; 11 A. M., "The Songs of Zion." At 8.15 P. M., "Sow to the Wind and Reap the Whirlwind."

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Sunday School at 5 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Regular religious services at Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Milton A. Barber, rector of St. Paul's P. E. Church. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 8.15 P. M. Wednesdays. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. by Rev. B. S. Bumpass, Presiding Elder.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Williams, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

The Advent Church, Sixth street, between Castle and Church. Preaching by the pastor, Elder E. Ficke, at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M., followed by a meeting of the Temperance Loyal League. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights at 7.45.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. All are cordially invited to these services.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Parseur, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordialy invited to all services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. S. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7.45 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt. 4.00 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.15 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

STOLEN FRUIT IS ALWAYS SWEET,

because you get something for nothing, what many people are looking for. Our choice stock of high grade foods will taste sweet, too, because you get them for the nearest nears to nothing price that you can find in this town. John S. Martin & Co.'s Creamery Butter please everybody, and our price for it is 25c per pound. His fancy N. Y. State Cheese is also the best, and we are the people who sell it a 15c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
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"They fit the feet as nature intended."

You'll Soon Realize

—what genuine foot comfort is if you try a pair of the anatomically correct and strictly hygienic

"JENNESS MILLER" Shoes for Women.

The only Shoes that fit all feet snugly at every point as nature intended.

Hundreds of women in this city have become emancipated from their foot troubles by wearing these soft, easy, graceful Shoes.

As stylish as they are comfortable.

Only to be had of us in this city.

Shoes $3.50 Pr.

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J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

apr 30 tf

Defective Vision

is a great disadvantage to all, and in children is a serious menace to education, entailing injury unless promptly and properly corrected.

Last year about fifty thousand children attending the public schools of Brooklyn, were examined as to their power of hearing and vision, in order to properly seat them. Over one-third of the number was found to be deficient in one or both senses.

I will gladly diagnose any errors of refraction that may exist in your eyes, or those of your children, by a scientific test.

There is no charge for examination, and Glasses prescribed ONLY when NECESSARY. We furnish them as heretofore at moderate prices.

GEORGE HONNET, Jr,,
GRADUATE OPTICIAN.
Office at George Honnet's Jewelry Store, No. 12 North Front street. je 18 1w

RECEIVING TO-DAY.
NEW CROP PORTO RICO AND BARBADOES
MOLASSES.

Lemons! Lemons!
FRESH CHOICE STOCK—FULL 300S.

Portuondo's Chicos Cigars ARE PROVING TO BE TRADE WINNERS.

HALL & PEARSALL,
my 30 tf WHOLSALE GROCERS.

Vacation Term.

St. Paul's Academy and Parochial School begins Monday, July 3. Continues eight weeks. Business Courses and Special Studies, or the Study in which you need help. $4 and $8 for the term. Catalogue and further information on application. E. O. COUNTS, Prin., je 18 2w* 215 North Seventh street.

EXPANSION.

We have had to build an addition to our Repair Shop, and we are prepared to repair your locks, guns, typewriters, lawn mowers, bicycles, and in fact any small piece of mechanism. We also fit keys as your residence or place of business. Give us a trial.

PLATT BROS.,
Bell 'Phone 217. 28 South Front St.
je 18 1w

"YOU CAN'T DO IT."

We have the agency for the best piece of meat for family use in

"J. P. Squire's Pig Bellies."

The price is about the same as tough, thick skin Hog Bellies, and you can get the BEST by demanding Squire's Bellies.

"Stock's Best Patent," and "Q" brands Flour

Give Universal Satisfaction, and your trade will increase if you use these Brands.

OUR GUARANTEE STANDS BEHIND EVERY POUND.

We continue leaders in Cigars.

CUBAN BLOSSOM, SANTA BANA, RENOWN, TOPICAL TWIST, } No better Sold.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
fe 11 tf Commission Merchants.

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL
se 9 tf

FLOUR.

740 Barrels Flour.
350 Bags ½ Flour.
474 Bags ¼ Flour.
860 Bags 1-8 Flour.
980 Bags 1-16 Flour.
100 Barrels Common Flour.
115 Barrels Best Patent.
74 Barrels Granulated Sugar.
10 Barrels 2 lb Sugar.
15 Barrels 5 lb Sugar.
25 Barrels G Extra C Sugar.
10 Barrels W. Extra C Sugar.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
je 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

| Leave Wilmington. | Leave Ocean View. |
|---|---|
| 6.30 A. M. | 7.30 A. M. |
| 10.10 A. M. | 11.30 A. M. |
| 3.30 P. M. | 3.45 P. M. |
| 5.00 P. M. | 6.00 P. M. |
| 7.15 P. M. | 10.00 P. M. |
| SUNDAY. | |
| 10 10 A. M. | 11.30 A. M. |
| 2.30 P. M. | 6.00 P. M. |

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 5TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M., 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM THE WEST WITH A LOT OF FINE HORSES.

DO YOU WANT ONE?

If so, you will make a mistake if you buy before seeing me.

L. W. BATES,
je 17 tf WATER STREET.

MECHANICS' HOME ASSOCIATION

Subscription List for Stock in the

18th Series is now open

at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer, to whom make application. Series limited to 300 shares.

Payments will commence Saturday, July 1st, 1899.

Controlling large and ample capital, we are prepared for and solicit mortgage loans, and give them prompt attention.

Apply to

NATHANIEL JACOBI, President.
W. M. CUMMING, Sec'ty and Treas.
je 19 1m

**PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.**

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $3.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 24.


## CURRENCY REFORM.

It seems to be pretty generally believed now that there will be some sort of currency legislation by the next Congress, but just what it will be is still somewhat a matter of speculation. It will be on the lines, however, of the scheme presented by the House Committee which met some time ago at Atlantic City, with the exception of the recommendation as to the greenbacks. They will not be apt to meddle with the greenbacks, for there may be danger in that. Provision must be made for a currency to take the place of retired greenbacks, and how to do that has not yet occurred to them. There is even now a demand for currency, for notes of small denomination, and for fractional currency. To meet the latter demand the mints are runing full time, and to meet the former the Treasury will exchange all the small bills available for bills of the larger denominations. A little later on when the movement of the crops begins the demand for small notes will be much greater than it is now.

The following from the Washington correspondence of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* seems to contain a hint that the Senate may be disposed to listen respectfully to the suggestion of State banks of issue:

"The establishment of the gold standard beyond dispute will be only one of the three important steps which have been urged upon Congress by the advocates of a scientific system. It does not seem probable that anything will be done at present towards the retirement of the greenbacks beyond the separation of the issue from the fiscal functions of the Treasury Department. There is such an acute demand for currency that the retirement of the Government paper is inevitably linked with provisions for an adequate bank-note currency. Upon this point it is possible that the Senate Committee will do a trifle better than the House Caucus Committee. There would be so little political risk and so much encomic advantage in providing a small margin of credit currency, which might be availed of during the crop moving season, that action on the subject will be strongely urged upon the Senate Committee. The pet arguments against a banking currency as a whole —that it would not be safe and that it would transfer the control of the money issuing power from the Government to the banks—would both fall to the ground almost of their own weight again when directed against an issue of well guarded credit notes to the amount of only a fraction of banking capital. If the experiment failed from lack of safety, it would not carry down the currency system of the country with it; if it succeeded, it would do much to stop the mouths of critics who rely upon prejudice and misconceptions to discredit a seientific currency system. An experiment of this sort would fall far short of what was recommended by the Monetary Commission and would meet the well founded complaints of Mr. James Barret before the Industrial Commission on Monday, that interest rates in the South are kept by the National banking system at forty and fifty per cent; but some of the friends of reform believe that the Republican party is so far committed to the side of sound money by the action already taken that additional steps in the right direction will follow proper discussion and the demonstrated success of a small margin of credit currency.

The provision authorizing national banks to issue notes to the full face value of the bonds they deposit is intended, of course, to add to the volume of notes in circulation, which it might do temporarily, if there should be an extraordinary demand for money, but this would be a small increase at best, and very far from adequate to meet the demands of the country, especially in Fall, when so much more money than ordinarily is needed to move the crops. The proposed authorization to establish national banks in small towns with a capital of $25,000 instead of $50,000, now the minimum allowed, has the same object in view, but while this might give some relief, it would not meet the demands, unless the banking laws were so amended as to authorize the banks to lend money on real estate security, which would make them fill to some extent the place of State banks; but there is little probability of that even if it were practicable.

The short way out of this difficulty and the most effective solution of the financial problem would be to relegate this subject to the people and let them manage the note business for themselves, as they did for more than three quarters of a century, during which time the country made such progress as the world had never seen before This would confine the Government to its constitutional function of *coining* money for the people, would take the currency question out of Congress, out of the political arena, and leave the people of each section free to provide themselves with their own notes in accordance with the demands of their business.

Unfortunately with the present national banking system there is no pressing need for State banks anywhere but in the South and West, the Eastern and Central States being pretty well supplied with national banks and with currency, and this is why the proposition to authorize the establishment of State banks of issue meets with so little favor up there and so much opposition from those who, though not interested in national banks, regard it as possibly a dangerous innovation on the present order of things.

Mr. Barrett, President of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, said Monday, in his hearing before the industrial commission at Washington, that the need of money was one of the greatest impediments to the South's industrial progress, which every observant, intelligent person knows. So far the South's progress has been phenomenal, especially in view of the inadequacy of the volume of currency, much of that used in developing our resources and in establishing industries being borrowed from Northern banks and trust companies. If we had banks of our own to supply a currency that would be good among our own people there would be practically no limit to the industrial progress of the South.

## WHERE WERE THE APPRAISERS?

As a general thing conscience, or for that matter common honesty, does not figure largely in transactions with this Government, especially in emergencies when it needs something and must have it. In that case there is nearly always some "patriot" who is ready to come forward and furnish it. We had some striking illustrations of this in the vessels bought by the Government during the late unpleasantness with Spain, when it became necessary to buy a number for transportation purposes, and to be fitted up as auxiliary cruisers. Some of these are noted in the following, which we clip from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) *Citizen*:

"Some figures submitted by the "*Journal*," showing the difference between the prices paid by the Government for six of the auxiliary war vessels out of the hundred bought when the war with Spain came on, and their value as appraised before offering them for sale, are very instructive as regards the liberality of the Adminis tration and the "patriotism" that hastened to take advantage of it.

"Bids for the six are to be opened on July 19th. For these the Government paid $844,269, and appraises them at $270,000. If it gets the appraised value, it will be out $574,269; for, none of them suffered any special damage during the war, and they should be, practically, in as good condition to-day as a year ago.

"It does not seem strange that there were vessel owners mean enough to take advantage of the country's need of ships for transports, etc., by forcing it to pay $844,000 for $270,000 worth of vessels; but it does seem strange that the Government should have allowed itself to be taken in to such an extent as these figures indicate.

"The patriots referred to are of the sort that generally help to drive their country into war for what they can make out of it themselves; but where were the Government appraisers when these vessels were bought? They knew as much about vessels then as they know now, and what spectacles did they look through when they advised the Government to pay for six three times their actual value?"

These vessels must have been fearfully abused, if they could have been so much reduced in value by the short service they had, or the appraisers on the part of the Government must have terribly abused the confidence put in them. Either that or the appraisers who now value them are doing that.

Some time ago the scandal in connection with the Merrimac which Hobson sank at the entrance to Santiago harbor, was considerably discussed and the New York *World* published facts and figures showing how the Government was swindled in that transaction. The Washington *Post*, friendly to the administration, resurrects that case, to which it refers as follows:

"Since this seems to be the season for opening old sores and ripping up old scandals, why should we not take another look into the matter of that purchase of the steamer Merrimac by the Navy Department last summer! Very little has been said about the incident since Sampson conceived the brilliant idea of sinking the Merrimac in the entrance to Santiago Bay, and thereby indefinitely prolonging Spanish occupation at that point. But if rescurrection is to be the order of the day, it seems to us that we may profitably raise the Merrimac at this time and inspect her and her history.

"We recall a rather unpleasant rumor about a year ago in this connection. Gossip was to the effect that the Merrimac was not subjected to the usual inspection, although a very competent board of navy officers sat in New York for just such purposes. Gossip, indeed, would have it that the Merrimac's twin sister had been promptly rejected as unacceptable, and that inquiry at the registry office in the New York Custom House showed the Merrimac to be worth less than one-half the sum that was asked for by the parties seeking to sell her to the government. It was alleged, indeed, that the Merrimac was carefully withdrawn from the board regularly commissioned to pronounce upon vessels offered for sale, and quietly towed or otherwise moved from New York to Baltimore, where a committee especially constituted to meet the emergency pronounced favorably upon her merits. As a result, she was bought by the Navy Department for something more than $350,000, as the story goes, while the sworn statements of her owners on file in the New York registry office put her value at less than $150,000.

"There may or may not be any connection between the ugly rumors that were flying about a year ago and Admiral Sampson's selection of the Merrimac as a good ship to sink in the Santiago channel. But it will do no harm to raise that high priced piece of property—in a Pickwickian sense, at least—and put her somewhere well up in the list of scandals to be investigated. Will Secretary Long issue the necessary orders?"

These are a few samples of the way the Government was buncoed by the "patriots" who believe in standing by the flag (although not under it) and adding to the glory of the country, but never fnissing the opportunity to yank money out of the treasury and add to their own piles.

## NEARLY ALL SWINDLES.

*The United States Investor* presents some interesting facts and figures about trusts and a list with the capitalization of those formed since January 1, 1898. They number 478, capitalized at $7,390,783,383, of which $1,638,706,900 is "preferred" stock and $5,740,076,483 "common" stock, which means that the former is the estimated actual value, the latter, watered stock, by which the trust boomers expect to bunco the people they rope in. The fellows who put their money in and get up the trusts hold the preferred stock and dump the remainder on the public who buy. Commenting upon this the *Investor* says:

"Making due allowance for the fact that the amount of preferred is, as we have intimated above, actually larger than our figurs show, it can safely be assumed that not more than one-third of the $7,370,783,383 capitalization of the new trusts will be found to be preferred stock. It is believed by those who have carefully and disinterestedly studied the trust movement that the preferred stock represents everything of tangible value which the new combines can show, and we are therefore forced to the conclusion that two-thirds of the $7,380,783,383 of trust capitalization is 'water' pure and simple."

The figures given as the capitalization of most of the trusts formed these days are suggestive of fraud, for it is utterly impossible for them to earn a reasonable profit on such enormous investments, unless the commodity they handle is something for which there is a universal and steady demand, such as kerosine oil or sugar, and they have a practical monopoly, such as the Standard Oil Trust and the Sugar Trust have and have had for years. They are capitalized at an enormous figure, but they do an immense business, can make their own prices and therefore coin money by the millions and pay handsome dividends even on their large capitalization. But all others cannot expect to do so well, and when the boomers hold out inducements of big profits they are simply playing a fraud to fool the confiding stock buyer.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Luna and Aguinaldo may be dead, as reported, but somebody is still putting up a pretty stiff fight over there.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— It is childish to complain of "treachery" or even of "savagery" on the part of the Filipinos. That is the nature of the Asiatic mongrels. When Mr. McKinley set about the subjugation of a "Malay pandemonium" he ought to have known that he was not going to have a Sunday-school picnic, or even civilized war. *New York World, Dem.*

—— It is predicted that the Irish members of Parliament will play a more important part in the legislation of the United Kingdon in the next session than has been the case for a long time. Neither the Tories nor the Radicals are expected to obtain a majority of over 100, in which case the Irish members will hold the balance of power in the lower house and be able to insist upon the passage of measures which they favor:—*Savannah, News, Dem.*

—— If you sift the plea that we should not have exposed the rottenness of the army beef contract under Eagan, whereby thousands of our soldiers were poisoned, because it has hurt our meat trade abroad, it comes to this: That we should consent to the poisoning of any number of foreigners by the same means because an American meat trust is making money out of it. But, while we reject any such foolish proposition, those who make it ought to have sense enough to see that the foreigners must soon discover the condition and character of the meat for themselves.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*


A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT.

ELY'S CREAM BALM has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

ELY'S CREAM BALM works like a charm; it has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head; I would not be without it.—Fred Fries, 283 Hart street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †


## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Chatham *Record*: The farmers have finished cutting wheat and the crop is much below the average.

— Dunn *Union*: Wheat threshing has commenced. We hear that the yield is fair, but not near so good as last harvest.

— Washington *Progress*: The pototo crop has nearly all been shipped. The crop was not a large one, but the prices held up fairly well and some of our people made some money this season from the crop.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut*: The new Masonic Temple promises to be one of the finest in the State. It will go a long way towards giving Rocky Mount a cityfied look. The Masons have a right to be proud of this magnificent structure.

— Nashville *Graphic*: The wheat crop in this county is one of the largest known in years, and we are pleased to see our farmer friends going in for home supplies. Hogs and hominy are above the average number and acreage, which foretells greater prosperity for our agriculturalists.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Last Week, Myrtie, the daughter of Mr. Henry Graeber, of Yost, this county, was bitten by a copper head snake. Shortly alter being bitten the girl be came deranged from the effect of the bite, and it required two people to hold her in bed. The bitten girl is much improved and is getting well now.

— Raleigh *Post*: Yesterday Deputy Sheriff Banes, of Wake Forest, brought an escaped penitentiary "trusty" convict back to his old quarters. His name is Elijah Webster, and he is a white man. He was in prison under a one-year sentence for shooting a man, and had been accorded the privilege of a "trusty" on account of his short term, half of which he had nearly served, and his simple-mindedness. As an illustration of the latter trait, he had not thought it necessary to change his convict suit of stripped clothing during his several days of liberty.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* Curator Brimley, of the Museum, has a pet snake. It is a spreading adder, one of the largest ever seen here, measuring over four feet in length. The reptile was captured in this county about a month ago, by Mr. Brimley's brother, and presented to the Museum. Mr. Brimley has the snake in captivity and is studying it and its habits. Later he will kill it with chloroform and make a cast of it. As an adder has no fangs and is perfectly harmless, he can handle it and manage it as pleases him. Many visitors to the Museum ask to see this large reptile. Yesterday, owing to the High Point excursion, the crowd of visitors was very large, and as if to especially accommodate them, the snake laid thirty-four eggs.

## TWINKLINGS.

— "And you think I'd better ask your father now?" "Yes. It will be a little mild practice for you. Then come back and ask ma."

— "It is when a man is in trouble that he knows the value of a wife." "Yes; he can put all his property in her name."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Brown—"Does that new restaurant get up a good meal?" Jones—"Splendid. Even the proprietor dines there."—*Ohio State Journal.*

— "We used to think men had to climb to fame." "Don't they?" "No. Hobson dived." "That's so." "And Funston swam."—*Chicago Record.*

— Bates—"Is your wife a good cook?" Yates—"Not exactly that, perhaps, but she is a good woman. She never tries to cook."—*Boston Transcript.*

— "I told him he didn't dare kiss me," she said. Then she added regretfully: "I sized him up just right."—*Chicago Post.*

— I'd be afraid to marry a girl who had just graduated, wouldn't you, Billy?" "Yes; too much like going in for a civil service examination."—*Chicago Record.*

— Emmy—"I've got an invite to the Charity Ball, but I have the least idea what I am to go in. What would you wear, Fanny, if you had my complexion?" Fanny—"A thick veil."—*Tit-Bits.*

— "What do you mean by saying he is stuck on himself?" said the irritatingly precise boarder. "I mean," said the Cheerful Idiot, "that he is one of his own firmest adherents."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— The Sequel—"Did you ever laugh until you cried, Tommy?" "Yes only this morning." "What at?" "Well, pa stepped on a tack and I laughed; then pa caught me laughing and I cried." *Chicago News.*

— Hard Times: Mater—"Girls, we mustn't worry your father about going away this Summer. His finances are extremely low, I know. I looked in his check-book yesterday and he only had one check left."—*Harlem Life.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, M. P., S. John's, Durham's Creek.

June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, E. P., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

June 26, Monday, Com., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

June 28, Wednesday, M. P., S. John's, Wakelyville.

June 29, Thursday, E. P., Statesville.

June 30, Friday, Swan Quarter.

July 2, Sunday, fifth after Trinity, M. P., S. George's, Hyde county.

July 3, Monday, E. P., Fairfield.

July 6, Thursday, E. P., Belhaven.

July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, M. P., S. Luke's, Washington county.

July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, E. P., Advent, Roper.

July 12, Wednesday, M. P., S. Andrew's, Columbia.

July 14, Friday, consecration of church, Creswell.

July 16, Sunday, 7th after Trinity, M. P., S. Ionds, Scuppernong.

## QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Bladen Circuit, French's Creek, June 30.
Carver's Creek, Hebron, July 1-2.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9.
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
Wilmington, Grace, July 23-24.
Elizabeth, Bladen Springs, July 29-30.
Scott's Hill, Acorn Branch, August 6-7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.

B. F. BUMPASS, Presiding Elder.


For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.


## WEATHER VANES.

Some With Ball Bearings Nowadays, but Most of Them Made In the Old Way.

There are made nowadays some weather vanes with ball bearings, but they are comparatively few in number. The very great majority of vanes are made with the simple spindle and socket. The spindle, upon which the vane turns, is set in a supporting rod of wrought iron. The spindle is of hardened steel. It is slenderer than the rod, so that there is a shoulder all around the base of it. The tip of the spindle is rounded and polished. The socket or tube, which is a part of the vane, is also of steel. The upper, closed end of this socket is rounded to fit the tip of the spindle and polished smooth. The socket does not come quite down to the shoulder of the base of the spindle. The bearing is on the top of the spindle, upon which the smooth, rounded top of the socket turns. It is at the top of the spindle that the balls are placed when a vane is made with ball bearings.

The best vanes are made with the greatest nicety and precision, so that they balance perfectly and turn with the least possible wear. The vane is, of course, longer on one side of the socket than on the other, or it would not turn with the wind, but its weight is the same on both sides. If it is a narrow vane, for instance, the weight of the solid head is easily made equal to that of the longer, projecting, but thinner feather end, and all vanes, whatever they may be, are balanced as to weight and so adjusted that they turn easily and with the least possible friction.

A perfectly constructed and nicely adjusted vane whose support remains plumb will keep in working condition for a great many years. There is a vane on a church in Ridgefield, N. J., that, so far as information goes, has been turning unfailingly since the year 1700. An ill balanced vane of poor materials might not last more than ten years. A correctly constructed vane of good materials would last many years longer. It may also be said that such a vane never wears out. A vane is oiled when it is first put up, but never after that.

The vane is not held down upon its supporting spindle in any way except by its own weight, and it might seem that a gust of wind would sometimes rise up under it with such force as to lift the vane clear. But the spindles are from 7 to 10 inches in length, and the vane projects from the spindle unevenly—that is, with a greater bulk on one side than on the other —and the chances are immeasurably against a gust of wind of sufficient force rising directly upward with its force so distributed that it would lift the vane straight upward without binding on the spindle. A manufacturer of vanes says that as a matter of fact he had never known a vane to be lifted off by the wind.

But it might be possible for a vane to be lifted off from above, as by the tail of a kite, and sometimes the working of a vane is interfered with by a kite tail twisted about it. A costly indicator vane that had been set up with great care became after a time irregular and uncertain in its operation. There was no apparent cause for the failure, but a minute examination revealed a piece of kite tail twisted around the spindle. This was removed, and thereafter the vane worked perfectly. It is not a common thing for kite tails to catch in weather vanes, but it is not so uncommon as to be very remarkable. Sometimes vanes are struck by lightning, so that they will not work. It may be that a vane that does not always turn is so situated with relation to other buildings that when the wind is from certain quarters the current does not reach it, but a good vane, properly mounted and set where the wind can get at it, will turn with the wind for an almost indefinite period.

The best vanes are made of copper, gilded. The gilding will stay bright for a long time. Vanes are made in a very great variety of styles. One manufacturer makes more than 500 different styles of vanes, and vanes of any size and design are made to order. The vanes most commonly sold are the horse and the arrow.—New York Sun.

## BUSHY TAILS.

How Animals Who Wear Them Utilize Them In Winter.

"Some of our wild animals," said a naturalist, "carry about with them all summer that which nature has evidently intended as a substitute for their winter flannels. I mean their tails of course. So far as I have been able to judge the bushy tailed animals know no other use for their tails than as protection against the cold. Did you ever see a fox sleeping? That is one sight of which the most patient student of wild life cannot always boast, because a fox is always wide awake and has a general antipathy to being looked at. My own observations with sleeping ones have been confined to two that I raised from pups. When it was cold, they would shrink up and seem fairly to wrap their tails about them. When the air grew warmer, they would uncoil a little and sometimes discard the tail entirely, just about as impatiently as a sleeping child will kick off the covers when he gets too warm in the night. I do not think that this attitude is habitual with sleeping foxes. When the weather was warm, they did not curl up at all, but lay sprawling, with their tails on the ground behind them.

"The raccoon makes the same use of his tail. Did you ever see one preparing for a nap? Like the fox, he goes to sleep on his side, but he makes more fuss about it than a lazy lad getting up in the morning. First he hitches up his shoulders and arches his back, and in the cavity thus formed he carefully tucks away his knees and elbows and head. Then he brings his tail up close, the end of it curving over his head. He unwinds himself half a dozen times before he gets curled up to his satisfaction, and when finally arranged he resembles nothing quite so much as a muff without the customary openings. The squirrel also covers himself with his tail, sleeping upright and propped against something.

"In fact," concluded the naturalist, "this is true of every bushy tailed animal I have been on terms of sufficient intimacy to see asleep. It is a very kindly arrangement nature has made for their comfort, and they do not seem to mind very much carrying around their winter flannels in the summer. If they did not carry them with them wherever they went, they would probably lose them, as the red man proves in his tale of the bear and the rabbit."—New York Sun.

Russian battle songs are written in minor keys, and instead of being brilliantly martial are sad, telling of the soldier's fate.

If you want to be appreciated, die or pay your debts.—Adams Freeman.

## THE MIND'S EYE.

It Is an Important Factor in the Work of the Senses.

It is a commonplace taught from nursery to university that we see with our eyes, hear with our ears and feel with the fingers. This is the truth, but not the whole truth. Indispensable as are the sense organs in gaining an acquaintance with the world in which we live, yet they alone do not determine how extensive or how accurate that acquaintance shall be. There is a mind behind the eye and the ear and the finger tips which guides them in gathering information and gives value and order to the exercise of the senses. This is particularly true of vision, the most intellectual of all the senses, the one in which more acuteness of the sense organ counts least and the training in observation counts most. The eagle's eye sees farther, but our eyes tell us much more of what is seen.

The eye is often compared to a photographic camera, with its eyelid cap, its iris shutter, its lens and its sensitive plate—the retina. When properly adjusted for distance and light, the image is formed on the retina as on the glass plate, and the picture is taken. So far the comparison is helpful. But while the camera takes a picture whenever and wherever the plate happens to be exposed the complete act of seeing requires some co-operation on the part of the mind.

The retina may be exposed a thousand times and take but few pictures, or perhaps it is better to say that the pictures may be taken, but remain undeveloped and evanescent. The pictures that are developed are stacked up, like the negatives in the photographer's shop, in the pigeonholes of our mental storerooms—some faded and blurred, some poorly arranged or mislaid, some often referred to and fresh prints made therefrom, and some quite neglected.—Professor Joseph Jastrow in Popular Science Monthly.

### Home Lovers First Choice.

Swiss maidens have wide and deep courtship license, but in many of the cantons they are allowed but a narrow choice of bridegrooms, it being a rigorously enforced, if unwritten, law that they must marry a youth of their own neighborhood. In many villages every marriageable youth belongs to a society whose sole object is to prevent any and every youth from outside from coming a-courting the maidens of the society's village.

### An Eye to Business.

"Bigsbee is a terribly melodramatic fellow, isn't he? He said he'd drain his heart's blood for the woman he loved. Do you think he meant it?"

"Why, I guess so. Bigsbee is agent for a drain and sewer pipe concern."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.


Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.


## WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 ℔ Jute | | @ | 6¾ |
| Standard | | @ | 7¼ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ℔ ℔ | 12 | @ | 12½ |
| Sides ℔ ℔ | | @ | 8 |
| Shoulders ℔ ℔ | | @ | 6½ |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ℔ ℔ | 5½@ | | 5¾ |
| Shoulders ℔ ℔ | | @ | 5½ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 25 | @ | 1 35 |
| New New York, each | | @ | 1 40 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 40 |
| BEESWAX ℔ ℔ | | @ | 22 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ℔ M | 5 00 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ℔ ℔ | 12½@ | | 15 |
| Northern | 20 | @ | 23 |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 51 | @ | 55 |
| Virginia Meal | 51 | @ | 55 |
| COTTON TIES—℔ bundle | | @ | 90 |
| CANDLES—℔ ℔— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 | @ | 11 |
| CHEESE—℔ ℔ | | | |
| Northern Factory | 10½@ | | 11¾ |
| Dairy Cream | | @ | 11 |
| State | | @ | 10½ |
| COFFEE—℔ ℔— | | | |
| Laguyra | 13 | @ | 16 |
| Rio | 7½@ | | 10 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard | | @ | 5¾ |
| Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s | | @ | 70 |
| EGGS—℔ dozen | | @ | 10 |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel | 22 00 | @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl. | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl. | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℔ barrel | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| Mullets, ℔ pork barrel | 5 00 | @ | 6 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℔ ℔ | 5 | @ | 10 |
| Extra | 4 25 | @ | 4 50 |
| FLOUR—℔ ℔— | | | |
| Low grade | | @ | 3 50 |
| Choice | | @ | 3 75 |
| Straight | 4 00 | @ | 4 25 |
| First Patent | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| GLUE ℔ ℔ | 8½@ | | 10 |
| GRAIN—℔ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bgs—White | | @ | 55 |
| Car-load, in bgs—White | | @ | 52 |
| Oats, from store | 40 | @ | 45 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | | @ | 45 |
| Cow Peas | 65 | @ | 80 |
| Black Eye Peas | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| HIDES—℔ ℔— | | | |
| Green salted | | @ | 6½ |
| Dry flint | | @ | 10 |
| Dry salt | | @ | 9 |
| HAY ℔ 100 ℔s | | | |
| Clover Hay | 70 | @ | 90 |
| Rice Straw | 40 | @ | 50 |
| Eastern | 80 | @ | 85 |
| Western | 80 | @ | 85 |
| North River | 80 | @ | 85 |
| HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔ | | @ | 2¼ |
| LARD ℔ ℔— | | | |
| Northern | 5 | @ | 7 |
| North Carolina | 6 | @ | 10½ |
| LIME, ℔ barrel | 1 15 | @ | 1 25 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, com'n | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Common mill | 5 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Fair mill | 6 50 | @ | 8 00 |
| Prime mill | 8 50 | @ | 10 00 |
| Extra mill | 10 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES ℔ gallon— | | | |
| Barbadoes, in hogshead | | @ | 25 |
| Barbadoes, in barrels | | @ | 28 |
| Porto Rico, in hogsheads | 23 | @ | 30 |
| Porto Rico, in barrels | 28 | @ | 32 |
| Sugar House, in hogsheads | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sugar House, in barrels | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in barrels | 15 | @ | 25 |
| NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis | 2 00 | @ | 2 10 |
| PORK, ℔ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | 9 50 | @ | 10 00 |
| Rump | | @ | 9 50 |
| Prime | | @ | 9 00 |
| ROPE, ℔ ℔ | 10 | @ | 22 |
| SALT, ℔ sack, Alum | | @ | 1 10 |
| Liverpool | 75 | @ | 80 |
| American | 70 | @ | 75 |
| On 125 ℔ Sacks | | @ | 47½ |
| SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M | 5 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Common | 1 60 | @ | 2 25 |
| Cypress Saps | 2 50 | @ | 3 50 |
| SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd | 5¾@ | | 5¾ |
| Standard A | 5 | @ | 5¼ |
| White Extra C | 5 | @ | 5¼ |
| Extra C, Golden | | @ | 5 |
| C, Yellow | | @ | 4¾ |
| SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern | 3½@ | | 4 |
| STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel | 6 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping | | @ | 9 00 |
| Mill, Palmo | | @ | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | | @ | 6 50 |
| Common Mill | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| Inferior to ordinary | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed | | | |
| ℔ M 6-24 heart | 7 50 | @ | 8 50 |
| " Sap | 5 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| 5-24 Heart | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| " Sap | 4 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| 6-24 Heart | 6 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| " Sap | 5 00 | @ | 5 50 |
| TALLOW, ℔ ℔ | | @ | 6 |
| WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern | 1 00 | @ | 2 00 |
| North Carolina | 1 00 | @ | 00 |
| OOL, per ℔—Unwashed | 16 | @ | 18 |

## MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 24, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

Wm F Green, 217 tons, Jonssen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

B I Hazard, 373 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lizzie S James, 173 tons, Howard, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Helen M Atwood, 654 tons, Watts, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Hancock, 348 tons, Parker, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.


GOLD DUST

THE BEST Washing Powder


## COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market quiet at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cts for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.10 for Dip, and $2.20 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 23½@23c; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05; tar steady at $1.30; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00, $1.60@1.70.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 188 |
| Rosin | 552 |
| Tar | 81 |
| Crude Turpentine | 49 |

Receipts same day last year.—196 casks spirits turpentine, 538 bbls rosin, 131 bbls tar, 49 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 3 7-16 cts. | ℔ |
| Good Ordinary | 4 13-16 " | " |
| Low Middling | 5 7-16 " | " |
| Middling | 5⅞ " | " |
| Good Middling | 6¼ " | " |

Same day last year middling 5¾c.

Receipts—26 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel f 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 85c. Virginia —Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm; 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

## FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488@488¼ for demand and 485¼@486

## The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front street.

**Ladies' Gents' & Children's**

Bathing Suits in Jersey, Mohair, Duck and Flannette.
Full line of Bathing Caps,

**15c to 75c.**

Hammocks, Reed Portieres, Window Shades.
Fifty styles of Matting to select from

**10c to 40c per yard.**

Just received 500 Umbrellas and Parasols. Ladies' and Gent's Gloria, 36 inches, beautiful handles,

**$1.00 and upward.**

July Standard Patterns and Designers now ready.

**The C. W. Polvogt Co.**

Sole Agents for the W. B. Corsets. See our 50c Summer Corset. je 11 tf


# BUSINESS LOCALS

## IN "THE MORNING STAR"

## COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

## NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

**Do You Want Anything?**

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

**Try "The Morning Star."**

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.


## East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

**Farm of 143 Acres**

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; six teen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for some body.

**2,000 Acres of Land**

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; Myers's ide water. Three clearings on place—one of 35 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

**House in Kenansville.**

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

**Fifty Acres of Land**

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

**Property in Burgaw.**

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

**Farm at Burgaw.**

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

**Tobacco and Truck Farm**

Containing 255 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

**A Nice Farm.**

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-three acres cleared. There is one nice, new two-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 300 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

**A Real Bargain.**

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable houses and lot in Wilmington.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7 tf


## CHESS AND MATHEMATICS.

**The Game and the Science Run on Parallel Lines.**

It was Leibnitz (born 1646), the famous German philosopher and mathematician, who made that oft quoted phrase, "Chess is too much of a game for a science and too much of a science for a game," which unfortunately seems to remain the popular idea of chess even in this day. After a prolonged devotion to the pastime it is alleged that the great Teuton renounced it completely for solitaire, which is not easy to explain, since all card games, saving perhaps whist, are generally distasteful to the confirmed chessist.

John Oliver Hobbes says, "Artistic chess is beyond the petty restriction of a science," and this rings much truer than Leibnitz's narrow dictum, which perhaps she had in mind when she wrote.

It has been remarked that chess and mathematics have much in common; that they run on parallel lines; that they have a similar direction of thought. Leibnitz was not the only great mathematician who made the game a study. Euler and Jacnish were both fine players and chess analysts. Richard Proctor, the astronomer, who was also noted for his mathematical attainments, was devoted to the game.

And to turn to the other side of the shield most first rate chessists have been excellent mental calculators. Andersen, who next to Steinitz was undoubtedly the most warriorlike of chess players, was a really great mathematician. Lasker is a professor of higher mathematics.

But, of course, there are elements in chess which are wanting in mathematics, the chief being the combative element. The two intellects which contend for the mastery must possess the qualities of generals in the field of battle, an important distinction.—Walter Pulitzer in American Chess Magazine.

**The First Basilicas.**

In the third century there were already small buildings called "synagogues," or ecclesiæ, where services were conducted, but Constantine began to build the first basilicas fitted to hold large congregations. In the west the apse was at the west end, but in Asia it was on the east, and curtains divided off the bema or choir from the rest of the basilica. Within these stood the wooden table of the eucharistic rite, and behind it, facing the congregation, sat the bishop or presbyter, facing east at Rome, but west in Asia. Not until the ordinary service was ended and the deacons had carefully excluded all among the worshipers who were unbaptized were the curtains drawn and the mysterics displayed to the faithful. Thus no profanation of the rite could be due to the mocking of unbelievers, though nothing was hidden from the believer.—Blackwood's Magazine.

**The Sun's Motion.**

An astronomical fact now as formerly causing no little perplexity to some is that the sun's motion—which unquestionably and indisputably is extremely quick—does not change the relative position of the solar system to the fixed stars and the constellations more than it actually does, and there are some who on this account are inclined to doubt the actual motion of the sun in space.

The investigations of astronomers have nevertheless established one thing as certain—namely, that the sun moves through space at a great speed—estimated by some scientists at 16 miles a second—carrying all the planets, satellites and other cosmical bodies along with it, but this motion of the vast luminary, while affecting, of course, the real motion of the planets in space, does not in even the slightest degree affect the relative motion of sun and planets.

Even under the supposition of so great a rate as 16 miles in one second, this relative position of the sun to the fixed stars would, astronomers declare, be hardly perceptible in a century, on account of the almost inconceivable distance of the latter—the conclusion being, therefore, that many thousands of years must pass before the sun's proper motion in space can change the configuration of the star groups.

## ORIGIN OF WALTZING

THE DANCE AN EVOLUTION FROM A CHURCH CUSTOM.

**Its Various Transformations Through Many Centuries Until It Assumed Its Present Characteristics In Germany In 1780.**

The opinion most generally conceded is that France received the waltz from Germany toward the close of the eighteenth century, and among many beliefs this contains the most truth, but the justice of attributing to Germanic influence the renaissance of the waltz in France does not of necessity verify the statement that it had its origin in Germany.

Like everything else that touches humanity, where nothing is born spontaneously, but everything is the product of a series of successive evolutions, the waltz did not emanate in its present form from the brain of a dancing master. Long before 1780, the time when we find it first mentioned under this name, its graceful curves and cadences were displayed on the village greens as well as in the golden salons of palaces.

The waltz, like many other secular things, we find first in the church, where in the midst of barbaric disorder it serves to trace the union between ancient civilization and that of the middle ages. The sacred dance of the pagans is preserved to a certain point in Christian rites. It is transformed to a series of evolutions made to the sound of the tambourine. St. Isidore, archbishop of Seville, born about A. D. 580, was intrusted by the council of Toledo with the revision of the liturgy as it was then practiced in the Roman church, in which there was a tambourine dance. The council decided to adopt the Isidorian liturgy in all Spain, and it differed but little from that used in other countries at that time. This rite, celebrated before the eighth century, when the Moors first invaded Spain, was still celebrated by the Christians in the seven churches of Toledo, which the Moors abandoned after their capture of the city and was after that time called the Moorish rite.

This was known and employed in Provence and Italy. The tambourine in use in this religious dance was called by St. Isidore "moitie de symphonie" and evidently corresponded to the instrument which in the ancient sacred dances accompanied the flute, a sort of bagpipe invented two centuries B. C. And thus, as the religious dance of the middle ages is allied to the ancient sacred dance, so the waltz is an evolution of this religious dance.

In the eleventh century, when the Gregorian rite supplanted the Moorish rite, the dance disappeared from the church. It appeared very quickly in society under the name of carole, a word derived from the Latin caroler; afterward under that of basse dance, in which the grand prelates, kings and dignitaries did not disdain to join, composed of three parts, two very slow and one more lively.

The people—and at this time all who were not of the clergy or royalty were the people—used the latter part, called the tourdion, which, lighter and more lively, appealed to them, and little by little it became changed. In Italy it was first separated from the rest under the name of romanesca, and from there it passed to Provence and southern Germany, but in each of these countries it was diversified and developed according to the character of the people.

In Provence it soon became the gaillard, and this name indicates the character of the transformation.

Five hundred years later they danced the volte, which was in turn a transformation of the gaillard. The measure was ternary like the latter and might be designated technically thus: Two steps, a skip, feet together, pause. The man first faced the opposite couple, then skipped on the left foot, turning the left shoulder toward them. Repeating this four times, he again faced the other dancers. As for the lady, her movements were reduced to embracing as tightly as possible the neck of her cavalier.

As can be seen at once, this dance resembled the waltz in three ways—it was danced in three time, it was the first dance in which a turn was made and the first in which the dancer embraced his partner. The latter, in fact, did not touch the ground. The cavalier held her suspended with his left arm as he executed the four movements described above.

At the court of Valois the volte was a favorite dance, especially with Catherine de' Medici, while Henry II was charmed with the psalm which Clement Marot set to an air of the volte, thinking perhaps that what came from the church should go back to the church. The volte, as did later the waltze, turned the heads of this court. The queen, Marguerite de Navarre, wife of Henry IV, was an admirable volteuse.

After the corrupt court of Valois had been dispersed by the league, and Henry III, the last of the great volteurs, had fallen under the knife of Jacques Clement, this dance disappeared forever from courts, city and people. Though it greatly resembled the waltz, the latter did not descend from it directly, but was rather the younger sister of it.

In fact, the romanesca, transported, as we have said, to Provence and southern Germany, was developed in these countries very differently—in Provence into the gaillard and volte, while the Germans, more dreamy and slow, changed the romanesca into the german and waltz.

The volte succumbed while young to oblivion in the sixteenth century by very reason of its excess, but the german lived long and produced the waltz which reigns today.

About 1780 an incident occurred which tended to fix definitely the waltz among German customs in its present form and name, placing it in high society and making it known to foreigners. This was its introduction in an opera by Vincent Martin, "Una Cosa Vara," which in 1787 dethroned at Vienna the "Figaro" of Mozart. Four characters in this opera, Lubia, Vita, Chita and Lilla, dressed in black and rose color, danced on the stage the first waltz.

The favorable reception of the opera naturally drew the attention of society to the dance, and under the name of cosa vara it immediately became the fashion and shortly afterward assumed the name of waltz, by which it has been known ever since.

Thus from the tourdion of the aristocratic dance, transformed by the people, was born the romanesca, which became in France the gaillard and volte, and in Germany, through various stages, emerged at last into the waltz, and this last avatar of the old dance of the eleventh century seems to be installed definitely and to have fixed the fancy of the world.—Parisian.

**Disappearing Islands.**

The islands in Chesapeake bay frequented by fishermen and duck hunters are so rapidly disappearing beneath the assault of the tides that in a few years there will be none left. A striking instance is Tangier island, where the British fortifications of 1812 are under water.

**The Lost H.**

Sergeant Channell, who was in the habit of dropping his h's, and Sir Frederic Thesiger were once trying a case about a ship called the Helen. Every time the former mentioned the vessel he called it the Ellen. Every time the other counsel mentioned her they called her the Helen. At last the judge, with a quaint gravity, said, "Stop" (a favorite word of his). "Stop. What was the name of the ship? I have it on my notes the Ellen and the Helen. Which is it?" And the bar grinned.

"Oh, my lud," said Thesiger in his blandest and most fastidious manner, "the ship was christened the Helen, but she lost her h in the chops of the Channell."—London Spectator.

**Wronged.**

"You bust excuse be this evedig, Biss Billigad," said Mr. Addlethwaite, "if by speech is a little thick, for I have a terrible cold id by head."

"I see you have," Miss Milligan replied, "and that reminds me that you ought by all means to call on Sue Dallington while you are in your present condition."

"Why so, Biss Billigad?"

"She told me the other day that she was sure you had nothing in your head. Now you can prove that she made a mistake."—Cleveland Leader.


**98.**

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TO ALL POINTS

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**Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.**

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:32 P. M., Hamlet 6:58 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:35 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 35—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:43 A. M., Wadesboro 8:31 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 3:30 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 3:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 3:46 A. M., Maxton 4:06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 11:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 3:00 P. M., Richmond 6:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:55 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11:57 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 10:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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**ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.**

**Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.**

| South Bound Daily No. 52 | MAIN LINE. | North Bound Daily No. 53. |
|---|---|---|
| 6 50 p m | Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv | 9 00 a m |
| 3 50 p m | Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar | 12 10 a m |
| 3 45 p m | Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv | 12 28 p m |
| 2 30 p m | Lv.....Sanford.....Ar | 1 43 p m |
| 12 43 p m | Lv.....Climax.....Lv | 3 44 p m |
| 12 13 p m | Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar | 4 15 p m |
| 11 55 a m | Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv | 4 25 p m |
| 11 07 a m | Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv | 5 13 p m |
| 10 36 a m | Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv | 5 44 p m |
| 10 09 a m | Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv | 6 13 p m |
| 8 45 a m | Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar | 7 35 p m |

| South Bound Daily No. 54. | BENNETTSVILLE. | North Bound Daily No. 55. |
|---|---|---|
| 8 00 a m | Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar | 7 15 p m |
| 9 07 a m | Lv.....Maxton.....Lv | 6 15 p m |
| 9 35 a m | Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv | 5 38 p m |
| 10 20 a m | Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv | 4 52 p m |
| 10 40 a m | Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv | 4 33 p m |

| No. 46 | | No. 47. |
|---|---|---|
| South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday. | MADISON BRANCH. | North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday. |
| 5 30 p m | Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv | 6 40 a m |
| 3 50 p m | Lv.....Climax.....Ar | 8 25 a m |
| 2 40 p m | Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar | 9 17 a m |
| 2 30 p m | Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv | 9 35 a m |
| 11 15 p m | Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv | 11 07 a m |
| 12 30 p m | Lv.....Madison.....Ar | 11 55 a m |

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
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**ATLANTIC COAST LINE.**

**Schedule In Effect June 12, 1899.**

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.28 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.15 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 10.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.35 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.95 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 6.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.05 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.33 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.25 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.08 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.26 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.30 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.28 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.35 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.30 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 2.00 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M. and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

**Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad**

**Time Table No. 3.**

**To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.**

| GOING EAST. | | | GOING WEST. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| No. 3 Pass'g'r Trains | | STATIONS. | No. 4 Pass'g'r Trains | |
| Arrive | Leave | | Arrive | Leave |
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |
| ..... | 3 40 | Goldsboro..... | 11 05 | ..... |
| ..... | 4 20 | Kinston..... | 10 12 | ..... |
| 5 35 | 5 45 | Newbern..... | 8 57 | 9 10 |
| 6 57 | 7 03 | Morehead City. | 7 42 | 7 47 |
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.25 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Supt.


**BIG G CURES** in 1 to 5 days. Guaran

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 24.


## THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

**Prices Show Strength—Improved Crop Reports Responsible for Lower Quotations of Products.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Bradstreets to-morrow will say:

Less than the average effect of approaching midsummer influence is discernable in current trade reports. Prices, too, show a strength unusual at this period, and particularly in view of recent steady advances. This is notably manifest, of course, in the iron and steel industry, where the tendency of values is still upward, though the advances reported are not uniform at all markets, pointing to individual instances of business done at best possible prices. Where prompt delivery can be guaranteed, fancy quotations are in many cases obtainable.

Improved crop reports are responsible chiefly for lower quotations of products this week. Wheat has been affected by glowing reports from Spring wheat regions, but more especially by continued enormous deliveries of old crop supplies, pointing to the 1898 Spring wheat yield, and, therefore, the aggregate yield of the country having been heavily underestimated. At the decline, however, good buying on export account developed.

Cotton crop prospects have continued to improve, and the raw product is lower on the week, with a slight shading claimed also in print cloths, although cotton goods as a whole are in an exceptionally strong position.

Raw sugar is lower on unanimous reports of improving crop prospects the world over, but refined sugar is in heavy domestic demand and firm.

In industrial lines generally there is little more than the usual friction as to wages, the most serious disturbance of all being the Colorado smelting works strike, which is one partly of hours worked. The usual summer shut-down of glass factories is now complete.

Railroad reports point to an exceptionally large traffic doing and earnings reports continue favorable, particularly in the Northwest, but passenger and freight rate cuts are increasing.

Lumber retains all of its early activity and strength alike as regards movement and prices.

Wheat including flour shipments for the week aggregates 3,746,718 bushels, against 2,799,471 last week, 3,799,470 in the corresponding week of 1898; 2,156,247 bushels in 1897; 2,837,631 in 1896, and 1,946,402 in 1895. Since July 1st, this season, the exports of wheat aggregate 221,760,672 bushels, against 229,072,303 bushels last year.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 2,872,432 bushels against 3,285,301 bushels last week, 3,902,321 bushels in this week a year ago, 2,281,861 bushels in 1897; 1,736,697 bushels in 1896 and 884,261 bushels in 1895. Since July 1st this season corn exports aggregate 166,298,158 bushels against 194,706,347 bushels during the same period a year ago.

Business failures probably reflect the semi-annual settlements, numbering for the week 199 as against 150 last week, 220 in this week a year ago, 215 in 1897, 218 in 1896 and 215 in 1895.

## CHICAGO STOCK YARDS.

**Many of Swift & Co.'s and Armour's Men On a Strike.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Nearly three hundred men joined the ranks of the stock yard strikers to-day, making the force that is now out six hundred, and the strike fever is apparently on the increase. The men who shackle the hogs in the killing department at Armour's pork packing house went out this morning, and were followed by the "shovers." They demand an increase of twenty-five cents a day.

At Swift & Co.'s it was said that about one hundred men had joined the strike and had been given their time. Lipton & Co. lost thirty more, and one hundred men in the sausage trimming department of the International Packing Company left their places. Some of these men were taken back. The hay men at Nelson Morris' plant demand a twenty-five cent raise by to-morrow.

## COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

**For the Week Ending Monday, June 23, 1899.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 33:

| | 1899. | 1898. |
|---|---|---|
| Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week..... | 26,791 | 15,065 |
| Total receipts to this date..... | 8,220,529 | 8,439,989 |
| Exports for week.. | 57,877 | 44,718 |
| Total exports to date..... | 6,839,197 | 7,102,809 |
| Stock in all U. S. ports ..... | 573,499 | 322,230 |
| Stock at all interior towns..... | 300,721 | 155,508 |
| Stock in Liverpool, | 1,288,000 | 1,116,000 |
| American afloat for Great Britain... | 53,000 | 56,000 |

## PASTORS' CONFERENCE.

**Of the Southern Biblical Assembly in Charlotte, N. C.**

By Telegrapn to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 23.—Rev. Dr. J. S. Watkins, of Spartanburg, S. C., Presbyterian church addressed the Pastors Conference of the Southern Biblical Assembly this morning. A paper was read contribnted by Rev. H. E. Rondthaler of Salem, N. C., Moravian church. The subject of both were "The Bible in the Pulpit."

The Young People's Conference was addressed by Rev. G. P. Wilson, of Summerville, S. C., on the subject, "The Bible and Church building." A paper by Miss Carrie McLean, of Charlotte, was read. Rev. Dr. J. E. Gilbert, of Washington, D. C., spoke at night on the subject, "The Bible God's Book."


**THE MODERN BEAUTY.**

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co only.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †


# ONLY TEMPORARY ORGANIZATION.

## Kentucky's Democratic Convention Will Get to Work in Earnest To-day.

## THE STONE-GOEBEL COMBINE.

**Yesterday's Session Broke Up in Wild Scenes of Disorder—Two Short Meetings Held—Credentials Committee Ready to Report.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—For the third time in as many days the Democratic State Convention broke up in disorder. It will enter upon the fourth day of its session to-morrow without having anything more than temporary organization. The report of the committee on credentials was reached in the order of business to night, but its consideration was prevented by the disturbing influence of persons who were admitted to the floor of the convention, though not entitled to seats. The Hardin people place the responsibility for this on local sympathizers with the Stone-Goebel combination, but the latter candidates disclaim all knowledge of an attempt to pack the convention and allege loose methods of the arrangements committee. Hardin is most likely to profit by the occurrence. It is thought the convention will get down to work in earnest to-morrow.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 23.—Kentucky Democracy went adrift to-day. After tugging for two days at her cables, which been securely placed in the hands of Temporary Chairman Redwine by the Stone-Goebel combination, she finally loosened her moorings, and for half an hour floundered about rudderless in the open stream. There were thirty minutes of wild excitement, of cheers and yells, jeers and cat-calls. The Kentucky Democrat is emotional by nature and demonstrative by training. Two days in the leash had tried his self-restratint beyond the danger point. So, when the chairman for the fourth consecutive time since Wednesday night declared the convention adjourned, after a viva voce vote which his opponents declare was too close to be determined in that manner, and had refused the call of counties as demanded by them, they were primed for an explosion.

**Delegates In dignant.**

Judge Redwine left his seat, but not so the delegates. They had come to attend a convention, not to run up hotel bills, and swelter in the streets. There was no lack of leaders from among the Hardinites and soon they were wrought up to a high tension. The Goebel-Stone followers remained in the hall to see what was coming off, and tried with their cheers to drown the angry yells of the opposition. When the noise and confusion had lasted about fifteen minutes, Charles Brunston, a fiery Hardinite, elbowed his way through the excited delegates and mounted the stage. He only added fuel to the flames.

"The body I love better than life itself," he exclaimed at the top of his voice, "is in the hands of cut-throats and assassins."

The frenzied crowd was on its feet, waving hats, canes, fans and handkerchiefs and yelling like mad; the minority in approval, and the Stone-Goebel people trying to cry them down.

**A Stormy Scene,**

Every man was on his feet and the space immediately in front of the stage was jammed with an excited, gesticulating, noisy crowd. Brunston tried in vain to proceed: The battle of voices raged for several minutes. Finally Brunston resumed, but his voice was lost in the storm of yells.

Whether Brunston miscalculated the effect of his words, or had not counted on being interrupted before he could qualify his remark, is not clear, but when he made himself heard again, after five or ten minutes, he continued in a more conciliatory vein:

"But we must be patient," said he. "Come back at 6 o'clock and let us settle our differences in this hall. If this convention is again declared adjourned without regard to the rights of the delegates, we will elect another chairman and proceed with the business that brought us here."

This brought cheers from both sides and after several minutes of gradually subsiding excitement the hall was cleared. This may have been the exhaust of a safety-valve, which prevented a bolt later in the proceedings.

**Two Short Sessions.**

Two short sessions of the convention were held to-day, one in the morning at which the only business transacted was the adoption of resolutions in memory of the late Richard P. Bland, Missouri. Then a recess was taken until 4 o'clock P. M., to await the report of the credentials committee, which, it was announced, had been in almost continuous session all last night and still had enough of the 375 contested seats to pass upon to keep it busy until the hour named. When the convention re-assembled in the afternoon a plea for more time was made on behalf of the credentials committee. A Hardin man offered a resolution for the discharge of the committee and the disposal of the contests by the convention itself. This was declared out of order, the decision provoking the first demonstration of the gathering storm. Then came the motion to adjourn and it broke with full force. After about half an hour of the liveliest mass meeting even Kentucky Democrats have ever seen, the delegates left the hall with ominous looks and words which betokened little tranquility for the evening session.

## TOBACCO FACTORY STRIKE.

**More Than 1,200 Girls Employed by the American Tobacco Company.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., June 23.—The difficulty at the P. Whitlock branch of the American Tobacco Company, which began yesterday has developed into a strike, and to day more than three-fourths of the 1,500 girls employed there as bunch-breakers, rollers and packers, are out, with bright prospects, however, of a solution of the question satisfactory to all parties concerned.

To-morrow morning a meeting of those who have grievances will be held and at that time a statement will be made to the young ladies which will, it is hoped, end the strike. The trouble has grown out of differences representing the rates of pay now prevailing and certain rules recently established.


The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †


## EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH.

**Conference at Capon Springs—Dr. Curry's Address in the Interest of the Poor Whites.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPON SPRINGS, W. VA., June 23.—The conference on Christian Education in the South, now in session here, is considered one of the most important ever held in this section of the country. To-day's addresses were brilliant.

Hon. J. L. M. Curry, of Washington, spoke in the interests of the poor whites of the South. Northern generosity, he said, was principally directed towards aiding the Indians and blacks. While he would not take a cent away from these, he asked that the equally needy whites would also be remembered. Referring to the famous speech made here by Daniel Webster at the opening of the present Capon Springs hotel, over fifty years ago, he drew attention to the large number of great men to which the South has given birth, and to the fact that up to the outbreak of the civil war, with a comparatively scanty population, it possessed many more schools than the North.

W. E. Shaw, editor of the *Review of Reviews*, generously offered to publish Dr. Curry's speech for general distribution in any form the conference might prefer. The offer was accepted.

Ex-Postmaster General Wilson, president of Washington and Lee University, followed Dr. Curry on the same line in one of the most eloquent and enthusiastically applauded speeches yet made before the conference. He gave a brief history of the venerable institution of which he is at the head, telling of its humble origin in a log cabin, to its present proportions. But gladly would he exchange back, he declared, to the lowly hut from the handsome buildings of to-day, could this college now but train up the men of giant intellect and strength of character it produced in by-gone times.

In the evening speeches were made by President W. M. Baldwin, Jr., of the Long Island railroad, and by Professor Ormond Stone, of the Leander McCormick observatory, and Dr. Charles W. Kent, of the Linden Kent Memorial school, both representing the University of Virginia. Professor Stone is a Northern man who for many years has been identified with Southern education. Dr. Kent is a member of the committee on resolutions, and is thoroughly interested in public schools. He will take part this Summer, as he has for three successive seasons, in the Virginia School of Methods.

## HENRY BRADLEY PLANT.

**Died Suddenly at His Residence in New York City.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Henry Bradley Plant, President of the Plant Investment Company, controlling the great system of hotels and railroads on the west coast of Florida and the line of steamers from Tampa to Havana, died suddenly to-night at his residence in this city.

Mr. Plant, who was in his eightieth year, had not been in the best of health for several years, but except during brief intervals of illness was actively, engaged in the direction of his vast interprises up to within a few hours of his death.

Mrs. Plant was with her husband at the last. His only son, Morton Freeman Plant, was out of the city, but was informed of his father's death and will arrive in New York in the morning.

## PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

**Will Hold a Public Reception at Adams, Mass., To-day.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ADAMS, MASS., June 23.—President and Mrs. McKinley and their party, who are guests of W. B. Plunkett here, remained in doors this morning owing to threatening weather. It has been decided that the President shall hold a public reception at the Plunkett residence to morrow afternoon. This evening a reception and dance were given to Misses Duncan and Barber of the President's party, in Forest Park.

## FIVE WERE DROWNED.

**Distressing Accident to a Party of Bathers Near Lampasas, Texas.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LAMPASAS, TEX., June 23.—Mrs. T. J. Lloyd, living seven miles northwest of this place, five daughters and a visitor, Miss Childers, went in bathing in a creek to-day. The three youngest girls went beyond their depth. Their oldest sister and Miss Childers went to their rescue and all five were drowned. Mrs. Lloyd saved her other daughter only by heroic efforts. The bodies were recovered.

## THE SUPPLY OF COTTON.

**Secretary Hester's Statement of Movement the Past Week.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton made up from special cable and telegraphic advices compares the figures of this week with last week, last year. It shows the total visible is 3,203,611 against 3,388,881 last week and 3,575,032 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 2,928,611 against 3,048,881 last week and 2,265,032 last year; and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 280,000 against 290,000 last week and 310,000 last year.

## TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

**Trade at a Stand-Still—Large Purchases of Military Supplies.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BLOEMFONTEIN, ORANGE FREE STATE, June 23.—The Volksraad of the Orange Free State has voted $49,000 for the increase of artillery, tents and other military supplies; $112,500 for ammunition, and almost $200,000 for other war material. The Mauser rifle has been adopted by the government. Trade is at a stand-still.

A movement has been started to raise from ex-Confederate veterans a sum to rebuild the home of General John B. Gordon, which was recently destroyed by fire. Floyd King, of Louisiana, has called the matter officially to the attention of the Confederate Veterans Association.


If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †


# ALGER ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY.

## Is in the Fight for the Senatorship of the State of Michigan.

## CATCHES THE POPULAR IDEA.

**Opposition to Trusts and Election of Senator by Direct Vote of the People Inscribed On His Banner—Will be a Fair Stand Up Fight.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Gen. Russell A. Alger, Secretary of War, announced here to-day that he is in the Michigan Senatorial fight, with "Anti-trust" and "Election of Senators by direct vote of the people" on his banner.

The General is at present at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Pike, after his trip in Northern Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. He gave his platform on the heels of its announcement by Governor Pingree, "who," commented the Secretary of War, "always gets in ahead."

"It is perhaps a little early to say that trusts and trust legislation are to be great factors in coming elections," said General Alger. "Other issues of greater importance may arise; but, however that may be, it is certain that the widespread spirit of consolidation of great financial interests is an evil which must be contended against legislatively. I am a foe to these great amalgamations and believe in the election of Senators by a direct vote of the people, as Governor Pingree states, and on these planks I will stand.

"The concentration of wealth in trusts is detrimental to the interests of the people. It squeezes the small dealer out of business and, greatest of all, eliminates the middle-man and stifles competition. With a certain commodity controlled by one man or a coterie of men they are not compelled to seek customers. The dealer must come to the trust, take what he can get and pay without a murmur the price asked.

Everywhere manufacturers are meeting to agree on increases in their prices for articles manufactured from raw material and monopolized by a trust. This is noticeable in articles in which iron and steel are used. The results of monopoly are so apparent and have been so widely discussed that further comment is not necessary. I am not an extremist, but the growing tendency to absorb a certain part of the industries of the country into one big company, that others may be frozen out and a monopoly secured, is a matter for consideration by legislators on behalf of the people, who are vitally interested.

"The present system of electing Senators through the agency of the Legislature is one which has always had its critics, and I believe the criticism is just. I think the direct vote is the better method and, while the attainment of this end will doubtless take years, it is worth laboring for. A senatorial fight in a State Legislature generally sends to Congress a man who is more the representative of a machine than of the people.

"The contest in Michigan for the nomination will be a fair stand-up fight. Mr. McMillan, aided, I believe, by Burrows, will try for renomination. Governor Pingree has shown himself very friendly to me, especially since the beginning of the war. It is too early to make calculations on the strength of the forces which will contend but there will not be two Republican candidates in the field—nothing to disrupt the party."

## NEW JERSEY FARMERS.

**Two Witnesses Before the Industrial Commission Yesterday.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The farming interests were represented before the industrial commission to-day by two witnesses, Richman Coles and Samuel B. Ketchum, New Jersey farmers. The former said there was a general feeling that conditions might improve, that prices for products were generally lower, while farm hands' wages were higher than formerly. For twenty-five years farms in his section have depreciated 50 per cent. in their value. The depreciation of prices, which he said was not so great, was attributed to competition from the West and the South. He thought putting farm products on the same tariff basis as manufactures would save the United States over $300,000,000 now sent abroad.

Mr. Ketcham contended that the increase in population in the near future would result in making the demand for farm products equal to the supply.

## REINFORCEMENTS FOR OTIS.

**Transport Zealandia Sailed from San Francisco With Troops for Manila.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The transport Zealandia has sailed from San Francisco for Manila, with the first battalion, twenty-fourth infantry. Twelve men of the signal corps and a detachment of recruits for regiments serving with General Otis are also on board. The regiment was conspicuous for its conduct in the Santiago campaign and volunteered to guard and nurse the yellow fever patients of General Shafter's army. This regiment is armed with Krag-Jorgensen rifles and provided with 336 rounds of ammunition per man.

## TO MEET DREYFUS.

**Preparations at Brest—Arrival of a Detachment of Police From Paris.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BREST, FRANCE, June 23.—The French first-class cruiser Tage, now lying in the harbor, has been instructed to put to sea on Sunday evening, and it is thought she has been ordered to meet the Sfax and have Dreyfus transferred to her. But Admiral Barrera says the Tage's mission is to experiment with carrier pigeons.

Despite this fact, a big crowd will be present to witness the landing of Dreyfus. No disorders are expected.

A detachment of secret police has arrived here from Paris.

Paty du Clam probably will be taken to Rennes to confront Dreyfus.

John R. Gentry paced a practice mile at Detroit yesterday in 2:05. The last quarter was made in 29½. It is the fastest mile record of the year.


The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sell farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †


## ALABAMA COAL MINES.

**No Agreement Yet Reached On the Scale of Wages to be Paid During the Coming Year.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 23.—The coal miners of the Birmingham district who have been in session here since Monday trying to come to some agreement with the operators on the scale of wages to be paid during the coming year have thus far failed in their attempts and to-morrow will adjourn until next Tuesday in order to refer the question back to the miners themselves. They will vote on the question Monday and give their delegates further instructions as to what they shall do when the convention reassembles.

Representatives of the mining companies attended the convention to day and announced they could not pay the scale asked for. This scale provided for a minimum price of 45 cents when pig iron was selling for 7.60. When iron goes above that price the wages were to be kept on a sliding scale.

The Sloss Iron and Steel Company gave its answer to-day that they could not confer with the convention, as their miners had never instructed the company whether the convention was authorized to make a contract for them or not. The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company has offered to renew the present contract for another year with the exception that they wanted a maximum price of 53½ cents per ton fixed. The operators of the steam and domestic coal mines asked that the convention make them a proposition for mining coal on a fixed basis without the sliding scale. They say they are not in the iron business and cannot compete with those companies who rely for their profits on the price of iron.

President Young, of the Alabama district of mine workers, said to-day that after the miners had voted again on the question he thought the convention could come to an agreement with the operators without a strike.

## YELLOW FEVER AT SANTIAGO.

**Five New Cases—Festival of San Juan to be Observed To-day.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 23.—Five new cases of yellow fever are reported to day—three soldiers and two civilians. No deaths are reported.

The festival of San Juan will be universally observed to-morrow by the Cubans. It is the date announced for the much-talked of "outbreak against the Americans." The streets are filled with masqueraders to-night and all business houses are closed until Monday. There is not, however, the slightest reason to expect any trouble.

## STORM IN NEBRASKA.

**Great Down-Pour of Water Preceded by a Furious Wind.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AINSWORTH, NEB., June 23.—This section was visited late this afternoon by another down-pour of water, preceded by great clouds of sand driven at a furious pace by a strong wind from the west. Great damage was done north of Ainsworth, about a mile, tearing sheds and outbuildings into fragments and passing eastward with a thunderous roar that could be heard for miles. It is feared serious damage has resulted along its track.

## BASE BALL BULLETIN.

**Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Louisville, 8; Washington, 3.
Pittsburg, 2; Boston, 4.
Cleveland, 2; New York, 8.
Cincinnati, 8; Baltimore, —.
Chicago, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 9.

## WARM WIRELETS.

The French cabinet ministers took possession of their offices yesterday. It is reported that the prefect of police, M. Blanc, has resigned.

Secretary Gage attaches no importance to the engagement at New York yesterday of $4,000,000 in gold for export. "It is a mere incident," he said.

Twenty deaths from yellow fever, out of forty cases, have occurred in the city of Panama since the 1st of May. Colon is free from the fever.

Cain Stevens, colored, was hanged yesterday at Eastman, Ga., for murder. He confessed his crime, and said whiskey, cards and women had been his ruin.

A warrant has been issued for Albert Netter, representing the Greenville, Miss., water works company, on the charge of misappropriating $33,000 of bonds consigned to him to negotiate.

John J. Moore, of the New York brokerage firm of Moore & Schley, and well known throughout the country as a successful financier, died at his home yesterday. He was fifty-two years old.

Joe Walcott, the colored welter-weight boxer, was given the decision over Dan Creedon, the Australian middle-weight at the end of a hard-fought twenty-round bout before the New Broadway Athletic Club last night.

The strike among the employes of the Cleveland, Ohio, Big Consolidated Street Railway is believed to be virtually settled, the final decision to be reached at a meeting of the Council's peace committee this morning.

A heavy storm swept over Pine Bluff, Ark., yesterday and did great injury to telephone and telegraph wires. Lightning struck in several places, doing much damage. Two men were killed.

An explosion occurred in the War Eagle mine, Rosland, B. C., the scene of the fatality a month ago, and three men are lying dead at the morgue, another is probably fatally injured, and a fifth is seriously hurt.

The Allahabad correspondent of the London *Times* says he hears on good authority that the India currency commission has reported almost unanimously in favor of the maintenance of a sixteen penny rupee and of gold currency, with gold as a legal tender.

The dead body of a well dressed white man found beside the railroad track near Alexandria, Va., has been identified as that of Sidney Walker, of Savannah, Ga. He was 38 years of age. Two cuts in the throat and an open pocket-knife beside the body indicated suicide.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, declares that Illinois may decide whether Bryan will be elected President in 1900, but it "cannot be expected to give its electoral vote to the Democratic nominee, if the regular organization is hampered in its work and if a reward is held out for the political bolter and the political traitor."

## REV. DAVID MORELLE.

**Attempted Suicide by Turning On Gas in His Apartments in New York City. Condition Serious.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Rev. David Morelle, an Episcopalian clergyman, formerly of Wilmington, N. C., attempted suicide by turning on six jets of gas in his apartments on West End avenue in this city to day. All the furniture in the apartments was removed several days ago. Mrs. Morelle, the clergyman's wife, left the house about the same time and did not return. The care-taker in the house says that Mrs. Morelle left in company with a young doctor, with whom she had been seen a number of times. Mr. Morelle is 71 years old. He is crippled in the lower part of his right leg. Mrs. Morelle is 38 years old.

From letters found in Mr. Morelle's room it is thought he was formerly connected with preparatory schools for West Point and Annapolis. A letter addressed to Captain Martin, U. F. R. C. S., of Detroit, Mich., apparently written by the clergyman, was found in his room. Mr. Morelle was taken to Roosevelt hospital His condition is serious.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

**Notice**—There will be no crossing with Flat Monday or Tuesday, June 26th and 27th, on account of necessary repairs. Our patrons will please notice this and be governed accordingly. Brunswick Bridge and Ferry Co. je 24 1t

**Wanted**—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. B. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

**Seed Peas**—Black-eye, Whipawills, Unknown, Mixed. Nice and sound. We exchange Groceries for Naval Stores and produce of all kinds. T. D. Love. je 11 tf

**Rock Salt**, Hay, Grain, fresh ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

**Bananas, Oranges,** Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

**For Best Prices** ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

**Turpentine Still** and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

**Photographic Notice**—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

**Hayden, P. H.,** has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

**For Sale**—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf


## Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

**Average Profits**

of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

**Eleven Per Cent.**

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.
W B HARKER Secretary. je 10 tf

**At The Unlucky Corner**

**Springfield Hams**

Cheaper than anywhere in the State

Why do you buy that doubtful

**BUTTER**

When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for

**25c?**

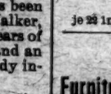
**"Nuff Said."**

**S. W. SANDERS.**

BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS." my 12 tf

**D. O'CONNOR.**

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

**Oceanic Hotel, Carolina Beach, Is now open for the season.**

Music daily by the Italian Band. Dances every night.
Rates, $2 a day; $8 to $10 a week; $25 to $30 a month. R. A. JENKINS, Manager.
e 9 tf.

**Mrs. W. E. Mayo**

has opened the new Ocean View Hotel on Wrightsville Beach for the season. Grand Opening Ball Wednesday night, June 21st. Friends in Wilmington, Wrightsville and on the Beach invited Je 17 tf

**PEACE INSTITUTE,**

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

Je 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

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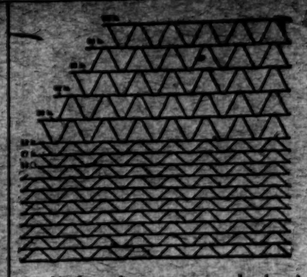

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